

UnitedHealthcare of Illinois, Inc.

Part II: Written Justification of Rate Increase

Illinois 2026 Individual Exchange Rates

July 15, 2025







Part II: Written Description Justifying the Rate Increase

The following memorandum describes the key drivers of the rate changes of individual rates for UnitedHealthcare of Illinois, Inc. ("UHCIL"). UHCIL policies are individual medical plans offered in Illinois and are fully compliant with the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

Scope and Range of the Rate Increase

UHCIL is filing 2026 rates for individual products. The proposed rate change is 20.8% and will affect 31,967 individuals. The rate changes vary between -2.6% and 36.6%. Given that the rate changes are based on the same single risk pool, the rate changes vary by plan due to plan design changes and the implementation of the state-mandated Silver load and metal sloping adjustment. Rate changes by plan are summarized below.

2026 Plan ID	Plan Name	Rate Change
42529IL0070018	UHC Bronze Value (Rx Copay, No Referrals)	16.0%
42529IL0070021	UHC Bronze Standard (No Referrals)	15.3%
42529IL0070023	UHC Bronze Copay Focus (No Referrals)	17.5%
42529IL0070030	UHC Bronze Essential (No Referrals)	New Plan
42529IL0080003	UHC Bronze Value+ (Rx Copay, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	15.8%
42529IL0080006	UHC Bronze Copay Focus+ (Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	New Plan
42529IL0070013	UHC Silver Copay Focus (No Referrals)	36.6%
42529IL0070017	UHC Silver Standard (No Referrals)	30.5%
42529IL0070025	UHC Silver Advantage (Rx Copay, No Referrals)	25.1%
42529IL0070031	UHC Silver-X Standard (No Referrals) (Off-Exchange Only)	New Plan
42529IL0070032	UHC Silver-X Advantage (No Referrals) (Off-Exchange Only)	New Plan
42529IL0070033	UHC Silver-X Copay Focus (No Referrals) (Off-Exchange Only)	New Plan
42529IL0080001	UHC Silver Advantage+ (Rx Copay, Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	25.0%
42529IL0080004	UHC Silver Standard+ (Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	29.7%
42529IL0080007	UHC Silver Copay Focus+ (Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	New Plan
42529IL0070012	UHC Gold Standard (Rx Copay, No Referrals)	1.6%
42529IL0070027	UHC Gold Copay Focus (No Referrals)	7.4%
42529IL0070034	UHC Gold Advantage (No Referrals)	-2.6%
42529IL0080008	UHC Gold Advantage+ (Dental + Vision, No Referrals)	-2.2%

<u>Financial Experience of the Product</u>

The premium collected in plan year 2024 was \$158,126,168. Incurred claims during this period were \$85,290,113 and UHCIL expects payments of \$36,182,208 for risk adjustment. The loss ratio, or portion of premium required to pay medical claims, for plan year 2024 is 76.82%.

Changes in Medical Service Costs

There are many different healthcare cost trends that contribute to increases in the overall U.S. healthcare spending each year. These trend factors affect health insurance premiums, which can mean a premium rate increase to cover costs. Some of the key healthcare cost trends that have affected this year's rate actions include:



- Increasing cost of medical services: Annual increases in reimbursement rates to healthcare providers, such as hospitals, doctors, and pharmaceutical companies.
- Increased utilization: The number of office visits and other services continues to grow. In addition, total healthcare spending will vary by the intensity of care and use of different types of health services. The price of care can be affected using expensive procedures such as surgery versus simply monitoring or providing medications.
- Higher costs from deductible leveraging: Healthcare costs continue to rise every year. If deductibles and copayments remain the same, a higher percentage of healthcare costs need to be covered by health insurance premiums each year.
- Impact of new technology: Improvements to medical technology and clinical practice
 often result in the use of more expensive services, leading to increased healthcare
 spending and utilization.
- Impact of pharmacy tariffs: Uncertainty regarding price changes by manufacturers due to economic policy changes and/or the onshoring of manufacturing and the impact on total medical costs, most notably on pharmaceuticals.
- Non-claims expenses: The fee charged to offer plans on the Exchange increased from 2025 to 2026.
- Expiration of enhanced premium tax credits: Expanded and enhanced federal premium tax credits for consumers will expire at the end of 2025. As a result, post-tax credit premiums will increase for calendar year 2026.
- Changes in market morbidity: Premiums reflect the expected increase in the average cost per member due to healthier members leaving the market if enhanced ATPCs are allowed to expire.

Changes in Benefits

Changes in benefits impact costs and therefore affect premium changes. Plan benefits are typically changed for one of three reasons: to comply with the requirements of the Affordable Care Act or state law, to respond to consumer feedback, or to address a particular medical cost issue to provide greater long-term affordability of the product.

The Affordable Care Act implemented requirements for the "value" that must be offered by plan designs in the Individual and Small Group markets. These are called "metal levels". For a benefit plan to remain classified within a particular metal level from year to year, adjustments to deductibles, copayments or coinsurance are sometimes required. These adjustments impact the cost and therefore the premium increases for the plan.

Administrative Costs and Anticipated Margins

UHCIL works to directly control administrative expenses by adopting better processes and technology and developing programs and innovations that make healthcare more affordable. We have led the marketplace by introducing key innovations that make healthcare services more accessible and affordable for customers, improve the quality and coordination of healthcare services, and help individuals and their physicians make more informed healthcare decisions.



Taxes and fees imposed by the state and federal government are significant factors that impact healthcare spending and must be included as additional administrative costs associated with the plans. These fees include Affordable Care Act taxes and fees which impact health insurance costs and need to be reflected in premium. Another component of premium is margin, which is set to address expected volatility and risk in the market.

The requested rate change is anticipated to be sufficient to cover the projected benefit and administrative costs for the 2026 plan year.